## **AN8737SB**

## 3-channel driver IC for optical disk drive

#### Overview

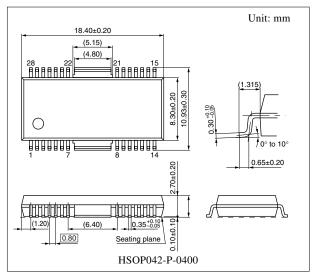
The AN8737SB is a BTL type 3-channel driver IC, adopting a current feedback system for 2 channels, which makes it optimum for an actuator and a motor driver of CD-ROM/DVD-ROM. It can also constitute an optimum system in combination with the AN8488SB, a spindle plus loading driver IC. A surface mount-type package of good heat radiation characteristic is used.

#### Features

- Little phase delay due to a current feedback system (2 channels for actuator)
- The remaining channel is available for either traverse or loading motor drive.
- Wide output dynamic range (4  $V/I_O = 800 \text{ mA}$ )
- Standby function built in (all channels can be muted.)
- Thermal shut-down circuit built in
- With thermal flag pin

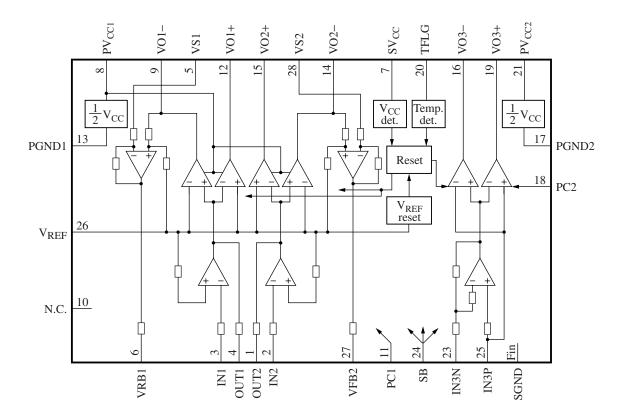
## ■ Applications

- CD/CD-ROM player
- DVD/DVD-ROM drive



Note) The package of this product will be changed to lead-free type (HSOP042-P-0400D). See the new package dimensions section later of this datasheet.

## ■ Block Diagram



## ■ Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Description                               | Pin No. | Description                        |
|---------|---|---------|------------------------------------|
| 1       | Ch. 2 first stage feedback pin            | 16      | Ch. 3 reverse direction output pin |
| 2       | Ch. 2 first stage input pin               | 17      | Ch. 3 power side grounding pin     |
| 3       | Ch. 1 first stage input pin               | 18      | Ch. 3 mute pin                     |
| 4       | Ch. 1 first stage feedback pin            | 19      | Ch. 3 forward direction output pin |
| 5       | Ch. 1 current feedback input pin          | 20      | TDS flag pin                       |
| 6       | Ch. 1 current feedback output pin         | 21      | Ch. 3 power side power supply pin  |
| 7       | Control side power supply pin             | 22      | N.C.                               |
| 8       | Ch. 1 & ch. 2 power side power supply pin | 23      | Ch. 3 reverse rotation input pin   |
| 9       | Ch. 1 reverse direction output pin        | 24      | Standby input pin                  |
| 10      | N.C.                                      | 25      | Ch. 3 forward rotation input pin   |
| 11      | Ch. 1 & Ch. 2 mute pin                    | 26      | Reference voltage input pin        |
| 12      | Ch. 2 forward direction output pin        | 27      | Ch. 2 current feedback output pin  |
| 13      | Ch. 1 & ch. 2 power side grounding pin    | 28      | Ch. 2 current feedback input pin   |
| 14      | Ch. 2 reverse direction output pin        | Fin     | Control side grounding pin         |
| 15      | Ch. 2 forward direction output pin        |         |                                    |



#### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                        | Symbol   | Rating         | Unit |  |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------|------|--|
| Supply voltage                   | V <sub>CC</sub>  | 14.0           | V    |  |
| Supply voltage range             | SV <sub>CC</sub> , PV <sub>CC1</sub> , PV <sub>CC2</sub> | - 0.3 to +14.0 | V    |  |
| Supply current *2                | I <sub>SVCC</sub>  | 500            | mA   |  |
|                                  | I <sub>PVCC1</sub>                                       | 2.0            | A    |  |
|                                  | $I_{PVCC2}$  | 800            | mA   |  |
| Power dissipation *3             | $P_{D}$  | 542            | mW   |  |
| Operating ambient temperature *1 | $T_{ m opr}$   | -30 to +85     | °C   |  |
| Storage temperature *1           | $T_{stg}$  | −55 to +150    | °C   |  |

Note) \*1: Except for the operating ambient temperature and storage temperature, all ratings are for  $T_a = 25^{\circ}$ C.

#### ■ Recommended Operating Range

| Parameter      | Symbol                                | Range       | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------|
| Supply voltage | $SV_{CC}$                             | 4.5 to 13.5 | V    |
|                | PV <sub>CC1</sub> , PV <sub>CC2</sub> | 3.5 to 13.5 |      |

# ■ Electrical Characteristics at $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ , $PV_{CC1} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $PV_{CC2} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $R_L = 8 \Omega$ , $V_{REF} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ , $V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{IN3} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ , $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameter   | Symbol  | Conditions   | Min  | Тур  | Max   | Unit |
|---|---|--|------|------|-------|------|
| Current consumption 1 (no signal)                   | I <sub>SVO</sub>  | $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{REF}, V_{IN3P} = 2.5 \text{ V}$<br>$V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$    |      | 25   | 45    | mA   |
| Current consumption 2 (no signal)                   | I <sub>PVO</sub>  | $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{REF}$ , $V_{IN3P} = 2.5 \text{ V}$<br>$V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ | _    | 25   | 45    | mA   |
| Current consumption 1 (standby)                     | I <sub>SVSB</sub>   | $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{REF}$ , $V_{IN3P} = 2.5 \text{ V}$<br>$V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 0 \text{ V}$   |      | 0.6  | 1.5   | mA   |
| Current consumption 2 (standby)                     | I <sub>PVSB</sub>   | $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{REF}$ , $V_{IN3P} = 2.5 \text{ V}$<br>$V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 0 \text{ V}$   |      | 0.2  | 1.0   | mA   |
| Driver 1, Driver 2 R <sub>L1</sub> , R <sub>I</sub> | Driver 1, Driver 2 $R_{L1}$ , $R_{L2} = 4 \Omega$ , $R_{S1}$ , $R_{S2} = 0.5 \Omega$ , $R_{IN1}$ , $R_{IN2} = 10 k\Omega$ , $R_{F1}$ , $R_{F2} = 4.3 k\Omega$ |  |      |      |       |      |
| Output offset voltage                               | V <sub>OF1</sub>  | $V_{IN} = V_{REF}$   | -100 | 0    | 100   | mV   |
| Gain (+)  | G1+   | $V_{IN} = V_{REF} \pm 50 \text{ mV}$   | 9    | 11   | 13    | dB   |
| Relative gain (+/–)                                 | G1  |  | -1.5 | _    | +1.5  | dB   |
| Maximum output amplitude (+)                        | $V_{L1+}$   | $V_{IN} = 3.3 \text{ V}, R_{L1}, R_{L2} = 4 \Omega$<br>$R_{S1}, R_{S2} = 0.5 \Omega$                       | 3.65 | 4.0  |       | V    |
| Maximum output amplitude (–)                        | V <sub>L1-</sub>  | $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}, R_{L1}, R_{L2} = 4 \Omega$<br>$R_{S1}, R_{S2} = 0.5 \Omega$                         | _    | -4.0 | -3.65 | V    |

 $<sup>*2:</sup> I_{PVCC1}$  be 1 A or less for channel 1 and channel 2, respectively.

<sup>\*3:</sup> Use within the range of P<sub>D</sub> = 542 mW or less at T<sub>a</sub> = 85°C, following the allowable power dissipation characteristic curve of "■ Application Notes".

■ Electrical Characteristics at  $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ ,  $PV_{CC1} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $PV_{CC2} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 8 \Omega$ ,  $V_{REF} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{IN3} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{A} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  (continued)

| Parameter                              | Symbol            | Conditions   | Min   | Тур  | Max   | Unit |  |
|--|-------------------|--|-------|------|-------|------|--|
| Driver 3 $R_L = 8 \Omega$              |                   |  |       |      |       |      |  |
| Output offset voltage                  | V <sub>OF3</sub>  | $V_{IN3P} = V_{IN3N} = 2.5 \text{ V}$  | -150  | 0    | 150   | mV   |  |
| Gain (+)                               | G3+               | $V_{IN3P} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN3P} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 50 \text{ mV}$<br>No external resistor | 19    | 20.5 | 22    | dB   |  |
| Relative gain (+/–)                    | G3                |  | -1.5  | _    | +1.5  | dB   |  |
| Output voltage (+)                     | V <sub>3+</sub>   | $V_{IN3N} = 5 \text{ V},$<br>$R_{A1} = 27 \text{ k}\Omega, R_{A2} = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$       | 3.05  | 3.4  | 3.75  | V    |  |
| Output voltage (–)                     | V <sub>3-</sub>   | $V_{IN3N} = 0 \text{ V},$<br>$R_{A1} = 27 \text{ k}\Omega, R_{A2} = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$       | -3.75 | -3.4 | -3.05 | V    |  |
| Input pin bias current                 | I <sub>IN3</sub>  | $V_{IN3N} = 0 V$   | _     | _    | 1     | μΑ   |  |
| Standby operation High:                | Active, lo        | w or Hi-Z: Standby   |       | •    |       |      |  |
| High-level SB threshold voltage        | $V_{SBH}$         | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$   | 2.6   | _    | _     | V    |  |
| Low-level SB threshold voltage         | $V_{SBL}$         | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$   | _     | _    | 0.7   | V    |  |
| SB input current                       | $I_{SB}$          | $V_{SB} = 5 \text{ V}$   | _     | 50   | 120   | μΑ   |  |
| Power cut operation High               | : Active,         | low or Hiz: Power cut  |       |      |       |      |  |
| High-level PC1 threshold voltage       | V <sub>PC1H</sub> | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$   | 2.6   | _    | _     | V    |  |
| Low-level PC1 threshold voltage        | V <sub>PC1L</sub> | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$   | _     | _    | 0.7   | V    |  |
| High-level PC2 threshold voltage       | V <sub>PC2H</sub> | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$   | 2.6   | _    | _     | V    |  |
| Low-level PC2 threshold voltage        | V <sub>PC2L</sub> | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$   | _     | _    | 0.7   | V    |  |
| PC1 input current                      | I <sub>PC1</sub>  | $V_{PC1} = 5 \text{ V}$  | _     | 70   | 120   | μΑ   |  |
| PC2 input current I <sub>PC2</sub>     |                   | $V_{PC2} = 5 \text{ V}$  | _     | 70   | 120   | μΑ   |  |
| Reset current                          | Reset current     |  |       |      |       |      |  |
| Reset operation release supply voltage | V <sub>RST</sub>  |  | _     |      | 4.5   | V    |  |
| V <sub>REF</sub> detection voltage     | V <sub>R</sub>    |  | 1.20  | _    | _     | V    |  |

#### • Design reference data

Note) The characteristics listed below are theoretical values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Parameter                               | Symbol              | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|---------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Thermal protection circuit              |                     |            |     |     |     |      |
| Operating temperature equilibrium value | T <sub>THD</sub>    |            | _   | 160 | _   | °C   |
| Operating temperature hysteresis width  | $\Delta T_{THD}$    |            | _   | 40  |     | °C   |
| Temperature flag balancing value        | $T_{FLG}$           |            | _   | 150 |     | °C   |
| Temperature flag hysteresis width       | $\Delta T_{ m FLG}$ |            | _   | 20  | _   | °C   |

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■ Electrical Characteristics at  $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ ,  $PV_{CC1} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $PV_{CC2} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 8 \Omega$ ,  $V_{REF} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SB} = V_{PC1} = V_{PC2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IN1} = V_{IN2} = V_{IN3} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  (continued)

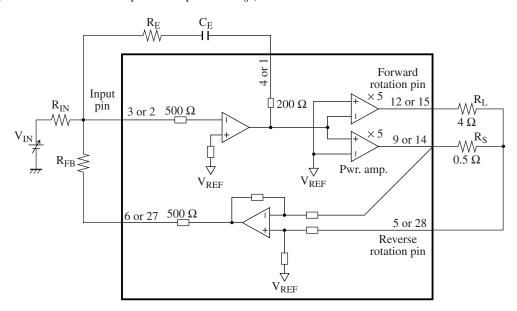
• Design reference data (continued)

Note) The characteristics listed below are theoretical values based on the IC design and are not guaranteed.

| Parameter   | Symbol                                 | Conditions               | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |  |  |
|---|--|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--|--|
| Thermal protection circuit (co  | Thermal protection circuit (continued) |                          |     |     |     |      |  |  |
| Operating temperature difference bet. thermal protection/temperature flag | $\Delta T_{TF}$                        |                          | _   | 10  |     | °C   |  |  |
| Temperature flag output high value  | V <sub>FLH</sub>                       | $SV_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$ | _   | 5   | _   | V    |  |  |
| Supply voltage detection hysteresis width                                 | $\Delta V_{HD}$                        |                          |     | 0.2 |     | V    |  |  |

## ■ Usage Notes

- Use SV<sub>CC</sub> at the maximum potential.
   Otherwise it will cause operation error.
- 2. Do not use PV<sub>CC1</sub> and PV<sub>CC2</sub> at 2 V or less, or at the high impedance.
- 3. Driver 1, driver 2 gain setting  $(Use\ a\ resistor\ of\ sufficient\ power\ dissipation\ for\ R_S\ .)$



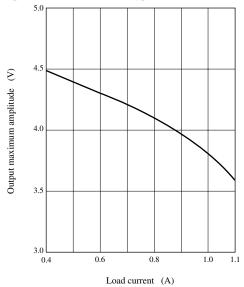
#### 4. On the mode of mute:

|              | SB = PC    | SB = PC1 = low or Hi-Z |            |
|--------------|------------|------------------------|------------|
|              | PC2 = high | _                      |            |
| Ch. 1, Ch. 2 | Active     | Active                 | All mute,  |
| Ch. 3        | Active     | Mute                   | power save |

Never fail to input the same signal into SB pin (pin 24) and PC1 pin (pin 11).

### ■ Usage Notes (continued)

5. On the output maximum amplitude (Reference data: typical value)

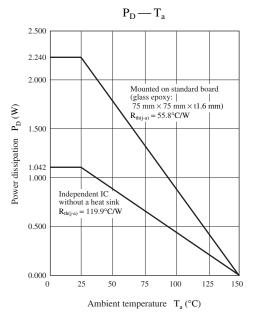


Use load current at 1 A or less.

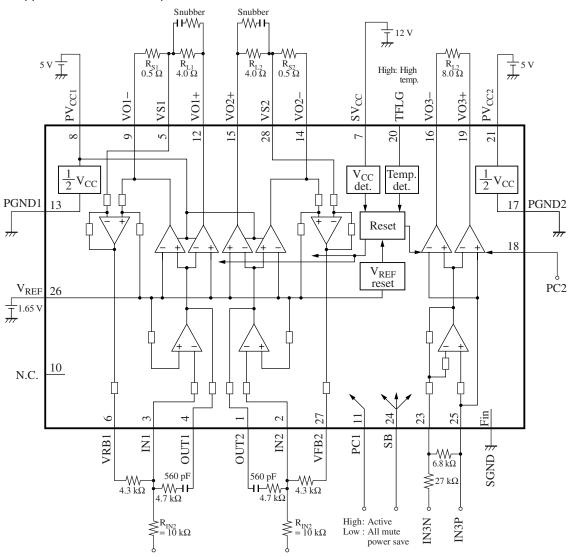
- 6 Appropriate care should be taken on the characteristics. When changing an external circuit constant on actual use, secure an appropriate margin in consideration of characteristic fluctuation of external parts and our ICs including transient characteristics as well as static ones.
- 7 Avoid the short-circuits between output pin or current detection pin and V<sub>CC</sub> (line-to-supply fault), output pin or current detection pin and GND (line-to-ground fault), and output pins or output pin and current detection pin (load short-ciruit).
- 8 An appropriate prior study should be done for use of dip soldering.
- 9 Care should be taken on use of the following pin because of its low static breakdown voltage (C = 200 pF,  $R = 0 \Omega$ ). Pin 18: Breakdown at 200 V

## ■ Application Notes

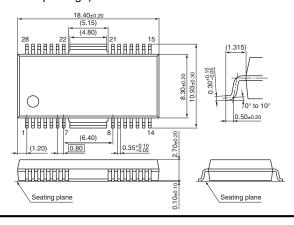
 $\bullet$   $P_D$  —  $T_a$  curves of HSOP042-P-0400



#### ■ Application Circuit Example



- New Package Dimensions (Unit: mm)
- HSOP042-P-0400D (Lead-free package)



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